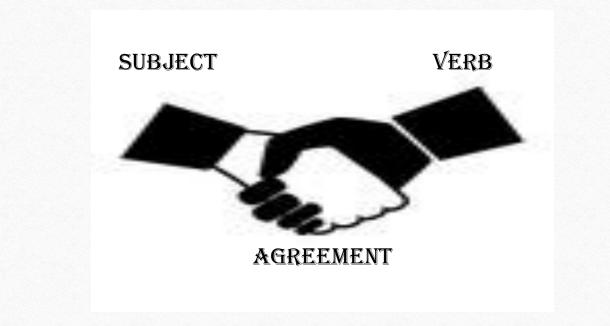
# CONCORD

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## <u>CONCORD</u> [SUBJECT – VERB AGREEMENT]



### <u>CONCORD</u> [SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT]

#### • Meaning of Concord:

In simple words, concord means agreement. Concord has to do with the agreement between parts of a sentence.

#### Basic rules:

- 1. A singular subject takes a singular verb.
- 2. A plural subject takes a plural verb.

### CONCORD [SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT]

#### Basic rules:

Singular subject-Singular verb Plural subject- Plural verb

Noun + s/es = Plural Verb + s/es = Singular



#### • <u>Rule no.1:</u>

•When Two subjects are joined by "**and**" the verb is plural.

#### Sentence structure:

Subject + and + subject = plural verb

Eg:

- 1. Ram **and** Shyam were playing a game.
- 2. Tom **and** his brother work hard.
- 3. He **and** his friends have arrived.



#### • <u>Rule no.2</u>:

•If two singular nouns refer to the article (same person or thing) the verb must be singular.

#### Sentence structure:

Article + noun + and + noun = singular verb

#### Eg:

1. The clerk and counsellor was absent today.

2. The doctoral student and Committee members write every day.



• Rule no.3:

If two subject have <u>"each"</u> or <u>"every"</u> before them, the verb is usually singular.

#### • Sentence structure:

Each/Every + subject + and + each/every + subject = singular verb

#### • <u>Eg:</u>

- 1. Each boy and each girl was given a prize.
- 2. Each day and each hour brings its duty.
- 3. Every man, woman and child was lost.



#### • <u>Rule no. 4:</u>

Two or more singular subject connected by '<u>or</u>', <u>'nor'</u>, <u>'either..or'</u>, or <u>'neither..nor'</u>, take a very in the singular.

#### • Sentence structure:

Subject + 'or', 'nor' 'either..or', etc. + subject = singular verb

#### • <u>Eg:</u>

- 1. Neither Hari nor Ravi has come.
- 2. No nook or corner was left unexplored.

